COMPLIANCE AUDIT

Bald Eagle Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association

Blair County, Pennsylvania For the Period January 1, 2021, to December 31, 2023

July 2024



Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General

Timothy L. DeFoor • Auditor General



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TIMOTHY L. DEFOOR AUDITOR GENERAL

Mr. Joseph McGarvey, President Bald Eagle Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Blair County

We have conducted a compliance audit of the Bald Eagle Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association (relief association) for the period January 1, 2021, to December 31, 2023. The audit was conducted pursuant to authority derived from Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, 72 P.S. § 403; and the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act ("VFRA Act"), see 35 Pa.C.S. § 7418.

The objectives of the audit were:

- 1. To determine if the relief association took appropriate corrective action to address the findings contained in our prior audit report.
- 2. To determine if the relief association complied with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures as they relate to the receipt of state aid and the expenditure of relief association funds.

Our audit was limited to the areas related to the objectives identified above and was not, nor was it required to be, conducted in accordance with Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Relief association officers are responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that the relief association's administration of state aid and accumulated relief association funds complies with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures, including the safeguarding of assets. Relief association officers are responsible for complying with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures. It is our responsibility to perform procedures to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to the extent necessary to satisfy the audit objectives. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our conclusions.

Based on our audit procedures, we conclude that, for the period January 1, 2021, to December 31, 2023:

- The relief association took appropriate corrective action to address one of the three findings contained in our prior audit report. However, the relief association failed to take appropriate corrective action to address the two remaining findings contained in our prior audit report, as listed below, and discussed in the Status of Prior Findings section of this report.
- The relief association, in all significant respects, complied with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures as they relate to the receipt of state aid and the expenditure of relief association funds, except as noted in the findings listed below and discussed later in this report.
 - Finding No. 1 Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation Failure
 To Obtain A Pennsylvania Sales Tax Exemption Number And
 Payment Of Pennsylvania Sales Tax
 - Finding No. 2 Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation Inadequate Minutes Of Meetings And Relief Association Bylaws

Finding No. 3 – Unauthorized Expenditure

The contents of this report were discussed with the management of the relief association and, where appropriate, their responses have been included in the report. We would like to thank the relief association officials for the cooperation extended to us during the conduct of the audit.

Timothy L. DeFoor
Auditor General

June 26, 2024

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BACKGROUND

Pursuant to Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code¹, and the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act² ("VFRA Act"), the Department of the Auditor General's duty is to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association to determine that funds received under the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution Law³ (commonly referred to as Act 205) are properly expended.

The relief association is a charitable organization that was formed primarily to afford financial protection to volunteer firefighters and to encourage individuals to participate in volunteer fire service.

The VFRA Act governs the overall operation of volunteer firefighters' relief associations. Relief association bylaws define the specific operational procedures by which relief associations conduct business. To fulfill its primary purpose, the VFRA Act authorizes specific types of expenditures and prescribes appropriate volunteer firefighters' relief association investment options. Within the parameters established by the VFRA Act, it is the responsibility of relief associations to choose investments in a proper and prudent manner.

Volunteer firefighters' relief associations receive public tax monies, and the relief association officers therefore have a responsibility to the public to conduct the relief association's financial affairs in a businesslike manner and to maintain sufficient financial records to support the propriety of all relief association transactions. Volunteer firefighters' relief association officers are also responsible for ensuring that the relief association operates in accordance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures.

Act 205 sets forth the computation of the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution paid to each applicable municipality throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The amount of the distribution is based upon the population of each municipality and the market value of real estate within the municipality. Upon receipt of this distribution, the municipality must allocate the funds to the volunteer firefighters' relief association of the fire service organization or fire service organizations that is or are recognized as providing the service to the municipality.

The relief association was allocated state aid from the following municipalities:

Municipality	County	2021	2022	2023
Snyder Township	Blair	\$16,858	\$20,640	\$20,317
Taylor Township	Centre	\$ 2,333	\$ 2,857	\$ 2,885

¹ 72 P.S. § 403 (as last amended by Act 44 of 2017).

² 35 Pa.C.S. § 7411 et seq. See specifically, 35 Pa.C.S. § 7418 (amended by Act 91 of 2020).

BACKGROUND – (Continued)

Based on the relief association's records, its total cash as of December 31, 2023, was \$31,405, as illustrated below:

Cash \$ 31,405

Based on the relief association's records, its total expenditures for the period January 1, 2021, to December 31, 2023, were \$65,280, as noted below. The accuracy of these expenditures was evaluated as part of the Department's audit to conclude on the relief association's compliance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures as they relate to the receipt of state aid and the expenditure of relief association funds. The scope of the Department's audit does not include the issuance of an opinion on the accuracy of these amounts.

Expenditures:

Benefit Services:		
Insurance premiums	\$	7,485
Fire Services:		
Equipment purchased	\$	33,469
Equipment maintenance	Ψ	10,706
Training expenses		6,904
Total Fire Services	\$	51,079
Administrative Services:	Φ.	• • • •
Bond premiums	\$	300
Other administrative expenses	-	387
Total Administrative Services	\$	687
Other Expenditures:		
Miscellaneous *	\$	4,379
Payment of sales tax – See Finding No. 1		1,087
Unauthorized expenditure – See Finding No. 3		563
Total Other Expenditures	\$	6,029
Total Expenditures	\$	65,280

^{*} The relief association received an erroneous deposit during the prior audit period. On January 31, 2022, the relief association returned the \$4,379 to the affiliated fire company.

⁴ Accuracy was evaluated for a selection of transactions based on dollar amount, category, and/or random selection.

BACKGROUND – (Continued)

The volunteer firefighters' relief association and the affiliated fire service organization are separate, legal entities. The relief association is affiliated with the following fire service organization:

Bald Eagle Volunteer Fire Company

BALD EAGLE VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS

COMPLIANCE WITH PRIOR AUDIT FINDING AND RECOMMENDATION

The relief association has complied with one of the three prior audit findings and recommendations, as follows:

• Undocumented Expenditure

By providing adequate documentation to evidence the propriety of the undocumented expenditure that was made in the prior audit period.

NONCOMPLIANCE WITH PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The relief association has not complied with two of the three prior audit findings. These findings are noted below and discussed in detail in the Findings and Recommendations section of this report:

- Failure To Obtain A Pennsylvania Sales Tax Exemption Number And Payment Of Pennsylvania Sale Tax
- <u>Inadequate Minutes Of Meetings</u>

We are concerned by the relief association's failure to correct those previously reported audit findings. The relief association management should strive to implement the recommendations and corrective actions noted in this audit report.

Finding No. 1 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Failure To Obtain A Pennsylvania Sales Tax Exemption Number And Payment Of Pennsylvania Sales Tax

Condition: The relief association failed to obtain a Pennsylvania sales tax exemption number. During the prior audit period, the relief association expended \$1,696 for the unauthorized payments of sales tax on purchases that were authorized under the VFRA Act, and the relief association officials did not take corrective action to address the sales tax paid prior to the end of the current audit period ending December 31, 2023. In addition, during the current audit period, the relief association expended \$1,087 for additional sales tax paid that is not authorized by the VFRA Act. These payments would not have been required if the relief association had provided a sales tax exemption number to the vendors.

Criteria: Section 7415(e) of the VFRA Act states:

A volunteer firefighters' relief association organized or conducted in accordance with the requirements of this section shall be regarded as a charitable corporation for all purposes, including the right to establish exemption from the operation of certain taxes.

<u>Cause</u>: Relief association officials indicated that it has been a slow process in obtaining their own sales tax exemption number from the Department of Revenue.

<u>Effect</u>: As a result of the relief association's continued failure to obtain and provide a sales tax exemption number to all vendors, the relief association was required to pay Pennsylvania sales tax on its purchases, which reduced the funds otherwise available for general operating expenditures or for investment purposes.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We again recommend that the relief association officials continue the process to obtain a state sales tax exemption number from the Department of Revenue as soon as possible and furnish this exemption number to all vendors from whom the relief association purchases equipment.

In addition, we again recommend that the relief association officials seek a refund of the sales tax paid, in the amount of \$2,783, by filing an appeal form (REV-65BA) with the Pennsylvania Department of Revenue's Board of Appeals. In addition, we recommend that, in the future, relief association officials furnish its state sales tax exemption number to all vendors from which the relief association purchases equipment. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

Finding No. 1 – (Continued)

Management's Response: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and, as a result of our audit, the affiliated fire company partially reimbursed the relief association \$390 for the sales tax paid on February 1, 2024. There is still a balance remaining of \$2,393.

<u>Auditor's Conclusion</u>: We reviewed documentation that the partial reimbursement of \$390 was received. We continue to recommend that the relief association officials seek a refund of the remaining \$2,393 in sales tax paid. Full compliance will be subject to verification through our next audit.

<u>Finding No. 2 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Inadequate Minutes</u> <u>Of Meetings And Relief Association Bylaws</u>

Condition: The relief association failed to maintain detailed minutes of meetings as required by the VFRA Act and the relief association's bylaws. Specifically, the relief association's minutes did not address all financial-related transactions that occurred during the audit period, meetings were only held in three months during calendar year 2021, three months during calendar year 2022, and three months during calendar year 2023. In addition, the meeting minutes were not signed and dated by the recording officer. Furthermore, the existing bylaws of the relief association contains language to conduct business pertaining to the disbursement, investment, and purchase of funds that is based on Act 84 of June 11, 1968. The relief association has not updated the bylaws to govern their organization to meet the requirements set forth in the VFRA Act.

A similar condition was noted in our prior audit report.

<u>Criteria</u>: Section 7415(a) of the VFRA Act states, in part, that the relief association:

... must provide for taking and preserving minutes of all meetings and maintenance of such books of account as may be necessary and appropriate to afford a permanent record of its fiscal affairs.

The relief association's bylaws at Article II, Section 1 states, in part:

Regular meetings of this association shall be held on the second Thursday of each month immediately following the regular meeting of the Bald Eagle Volunteer Fire Company.

Finding No. 2 – (Continued)

In addition, the relief association's bylaws at Article III, Section 3 states, in part:

Secretary: The secretary shall keep a true record of the proceedings of every meeting in the minutes. The minutes shall note authorization by the membership of all association financial transactions and all other pertinent business discussed at meetings.

Also, the relief association's bylaws at Article V, Section 1 states:

Funds of this association shall not be expended for any purpose other than those authorized By [Sic] the provisions of Act 84 of 1968 and the association bylaws. All expenditures must be approved by A majority vote at an association meeting and duly recorded in the minutes.

Furthermore, the relief association's bylaws at Article VI states, in part:

Section 6 (e) of Act 84 provides for various types of expenditures which can be made with relief Association funds at the discretion of the membership.... Discretionary members' benefit may only be paid to individuals who are currently or have previously participated in the fire service as defined by Act 84. Simply being a member of the fire company does not in itself justify membership in a relief association. Individuals who join the affiliated fore [Sic] company in only a social capacity do not qualify for relief association membership. Extending any type of benefits to individuals who do not participate in the fire service as defined by Act 84 is not considered authorized.

Finally, the relief association's bylaws at Article VII, Section 1 states:

Funds of this association shall my [Sic] be invested in any security authorized by the provisions of Section 6(c) of Act 84. All purchases and sales of investments must be made in a prudent manner to insure maximum investment return and authorized by a majority vote at an association meeting. The transactions must be duly recorded in the minutes.

Finding No. 2 – (Continued)

<u>Cause</u>: The relief association officials indicated that a lack of knowledge prevented them from maintaining detailed minutes of meetings as required by the VFRA Act and the relief association's bylaws. In addition, the relief association did not provide a reason why the Secretary of the Relief Association did not sign and date the meeting minutes, why all required meetings were not held and why the bylaws were not updated to meet the requirements of the VFRA Act.

<u>Effect</u>: Without holding regular meetings and maintaining detailed minutes of meetings that are signed and dated and address all financial-related transactions, evidence that relief association business was presented before the membership for approval does not exist. As a result of the relief association not updating the bylaws to meet the appropriate requirements, the relief association may have conducted its affairs without proper authorization.

Recommendation: We again recommend that the relief association officials hold all required meetings and maintain detailed minutes of meetings as required by the VFRA Act and the relief association's bylaws, evidencing the discussion and approval of all financial-related business conducted by the relief association. We also recommend that the relief association officials ensure that all meeting minutes are signed and dated by the Secretary of the Relief Association to ensure the validity of the meeting minutes. In addition, we recommend that the relief association officials remove the language referring to Act 84 by updating the bylaws governing their organization so that the bylaws meet the requirements set forth in the VFRA Act. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

<u>Auditor's Conclusion</u>: We are concerned by the relief association's failure to correct this previously reported audit finding and strongly encourage timely implementation of the recommendation noted in this audit report.

Finding No. 3 – Unauthorized Expenditure

<u>Condition</u>: The relief association expended \$563 for pediatric AED pads during the current audit period that are not authorized by the VFRA Act.

Finding No. 3 – (Continued)

Criteria: Section 7416(f) of the VFRA Act states:

The funds of any volunteer firefighters' relief association may be spent:

- (1) To pay for such normal and reasonable running expenses as may be appropriate to the businesslike conduct of the affairs of the association, including legal fees, rental or purchase of offices, payment of reasonable compensation of employees and purchase of office equipment and supplies.
- (11) To purchase safeguards for preserving life, health and safety of volunteer firefighters to ensure their availability to participate in the volunteer fire service, including necessary training.
- (23) To purchase equipment used for emergency response.

In addition, Section 7418(b) of the VFRA Act states:

(b) Findings -- If the Auditor General finds that money received by a volunteer firefighters' relief association has been expended for a purpose other than one authorized by this subchapter, the commissioner, upon receiving notice of the finding from the auditor general, shall decline to approve payment to the volunteer firefighters' relief association until the improperly expended amount has been reimbursed to the relief association fund.

Costs associated with the purchase of pediatric AED pads do not qualify as an authorized volunteer firefighters' relief association expenditure; consequently, this disbursement is not authorized under the VFRA Act.

<u>Cause</u>: The relief association officials indicated that they were unaware that the expenditure for the pediatric AED pads was not authorized by the VFRA Act.

<u>Effect</u>: As a result of this improper expenditure, relief association funds were not available for investment purposes or to pay for expenditures authorized by the VFRA Act. In addition, because of stipulations within the VFRA Act, failure to obtain reimbursement of the improperly expended funds will result in a withholding of future state aid fund disbursements until the improperly expended fire relief association monies identified in the finding have been reimbursed to the relief association.

Finding No. 3 – (Continued)

Recommendation: We recommend that the relief association be reimbursed \$563 for the unauthorized expenditure and that relief association officials become familiar with Section 7416(f) of the VFRA Act to aid them in determining the propriety of future expenditures. All supporting documentation verifying the receipt of reimbursement for the unauthorized expenditure should be submitted by the relief association to: Department of the Auditor General, Bureau of Fire Relief Audits, Room 316-E Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

Auditor's Conclusion: Compliance will be subject to verification through our next audit.

BALD EAGLE VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST

This report was initially distributed to the following:

The Honorable Joshua D. Shapiro

Governor Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Bald Eagle Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Governing Body:

Mr. Joseph McGarvey
President

Mr. Michael Chronister
Vice President

Ms. Julie Shimmel Secretary

Mr. Tim Reese Treasurer

The following municipalities allocated foreign fire insurance tax monies to this relief association and received a copy of this report:

Ms. Dixie J. Confer
Secretary
Snyder Township

Ms. Karen Brown Secretary Taylor Township

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at www.PaAuditor.gov. Media questions about the report can be directed to the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General, Office of Communications, 229 Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120; via email to: news@PaAuditor.gov.