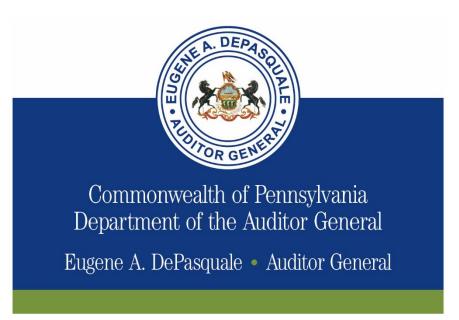
COMPLIANCE AUDIT

Firemen's Relief Association of the Borough of Cressona, Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania

For the Period January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2019

July 2020







Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General Harrisburg, PA 17120-0018 Facebook: Pennsylvania Auditor General Twitter: @PAAuditorGen www.PaAuditor.gov

EUGENE A. DEPASQUALE AUDITOR GENERAL

Mr. Dennis Snyder, President Firemen's Relief Association of the Borough of Cressona, Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania

We have conducted a compliance audit of the Firemen's Relief Association of the Borough of Cressona, Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania (relief association) pursuant to authority derived from Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, Act of April 9, 1929, (P.L. 343, No. 176), and mandated by the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act, as consolidated by the Act of November 23, 2010 (P.L. 1181, No. 118), at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7411 *et seq.*, for the period January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2019.

The objective of the audit was to determine if the relief association complied with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures as they relate to the receipt of state aid and the expenditure of relief association funds. Our audit was limited to the areas related to the objective identified above and was not, nor was it required to be, conducted in accordance with Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Relief association officers are responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that the relief association's administration of state aid and accumulated relief funds complies with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures, including the safeguarding of assets. Relief association officers are responsible for complying with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures. It is our responsibility to perform procedures to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to the extent necessary to satisfy the audit objective. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our conclusions.

Due to a stay at home order issued by the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania during the COVID-19 pandemic, we were unable to observe any of the relief association's equipment to verify its existence.

Based on our audit procedures, we conclude that, except for the effects, if any, of the matter described in the preceding paragraph, for the period January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2019, the relief association, in all significant respects, complied with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures as they relate to the receipt of state aid and the expenditure of relief association funds, except as noted in the findings listed below and discussed later in this report.

Finding No. 1 – Undocumented Expenditure

Finding No. 2 – Inadequate Signatory Authority For The Disbursement Of Funds

The contents of this report were discussed with the management of the relief association and, where appropriate, their responses have been included in the report. We would like to thank the relief association officials for the cooperation extended to us during the conduct of the audit.

July 16, 2020

Eugnt: O-Paspur

EUGENE A. DEPASQUALE Auditor General

CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Background	1
Findings and Recommendations:	
Finding No. 1 – Undocumented Expenditure	4
Finding No. 2 – Inadequate Signatory Authority For The Disbursement Of Funds	5
Report Distribution List	7

BACKGROUND

Pursuant to Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, Act of April 9, 1929, (P.L. 343, No. 176), and the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act, as consolidated by the Act of November 23, 2010, (P.L. 1181, No. 118), at 35 Pa.C.S. § 7411 *et seq.*, the Department of the Auditor General's duty is to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association to determine that funds received under the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution Law, Act of December 18, 1984, (P.L. 1005, No. 205), as amended, 53 P.S. § 895.701 *et seq.* (commonly referred to as Act 205), are properly expended.

The relief association is a charitable organization that was formed primarily to afford financial protection to volunteer firefighters and to encourage individuals to participate in volunteer fire service.

Act 118 governs the overall operation of volunteer firefighters' relief associations. Relief association bylaws define the specific operational procedures by which relief associations conduct business. To fulfill its primary purpose, Act 118 authorizes specific types of expenditures and prescribes appropriate volunteer firefighters' relief association investment options. Within the parameters established by Act 118, it is the responsibility of relief associations to choose investments in a proper and prudent manner.

Volunteer firefighters' relief associations receive public tax monies, and the association officers therefore have a responsibility to the public to conduct the association's financial affairs in a businesslike manner and to maintain sufficient financial records to support the propriety of all association transactions. Volunteer firefighters' relief association officers are also responsible for ensuring that the association operates in accordance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws and administrative procedures.

Act 205 sets forth the computation of the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution paid to each applicable municipality throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The amount of the distribution is based upon the population of each municipality and the market value of real estate within the municipality. Upon receipt of this distribution, the municipality must allocate the funds to the volunteer firefighters' relief association of the fire service organization or fire service organizations that is or are recognized as providing the service to the municipality.

The relief association was allocated state aid from the following municipalities:

Municipality	County	2018	2019
Cressona Borough	Schuylkill	\$3,509	\$3,853
North Manheim Township	Schuylkill	\$2,000	\$2,154

BACKGROUND – (Continued)

Based on the relief association's records, its total cash and investments as of December 31, 2019 were \$24,259, as illustrated below:

Cash	\$ 19,259
Fair Value of Investments	 5,000
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 24,259

Based on the relief association's records, its total expenditures for the period January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2019 were \$11,469, as noted below. The accuracy of these expenditures was evaluated as part of the Department's audit to conclude on the relief association's compliance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures as they relate to the receipt of state aid and the expenditure of relief association funds.¹ The scope of the Department's audit does not include the issuance of an opinion on the accuracy of these amounts.

Expenditures:

Benefit Services:	
Insurance premiums	\$ 4,940
Tokens of sympathy and goodwill	50
Total Benefit Services	\$ 4,990
Fire Services:	
Equipment purchased	\$ 1,990
Equipment maintenance	1,833
Training expenses	258
Fire prevention materials	300
Total Fire Services	\$ 4,381
Administrative Services:	
Officer compensation	\$ 300
Other administrative expenses	973
Bond premiums	200
Total Administrative Services	\$ 1,473
Other Expenditures:	
Undocumented expenditure	\$ 625
Total Expenditures	\$ 11,469

¹ Accuracy was evaluated for a selection of transactions based on dollar amount, category, and/or random selection.

BACKGROUND – (Continued)

The volunteer firefighters' relief association and the affiliated fire service organization are separate, legal entities. The relief association is affiliated with the following fire service organization:

Cressona Fire Company No. 1

FIREMEN'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION OF THE BOROUGH OF CRESSONA, SCHUYLKILL COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Finding No. 1 – Undocumented Expenditure

<u>Condition</u>: The relief association was unable to provide adequate supporting documentation for an expenditure amounting to \$625 on June 5, 2019.

Criteria: Section 7418(a) of Act 118 states:

The Office of Auditor General shall have the power and its duty shall be to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association receiving money under Chapter 7 of the Act of December 18, 1984 (P.L. 1005, No. 205), known as the Municipal Pension Plan Funding Standard and Recovery Act, as far as may be necessary to satisfy the Auditor General that the money received was or is being expended for no purpose other than that authorized by this subchapter. Copies of all audits shall be furnished to the Governor.

Without adequate supporting documentation, such as an invoice and/or itemized receipt, this department is unable to determine whether relief association funds were expended for purposes authorized by Act 118. Furthermore, prudent business practice dictates that supporting documentation be maintained to evidence the propriety of all financial transactions.

<u>Cause</u>: Relief association officials failed to establish adequate internal control procedures to ensure supporting documentation is maintained for all expenditures.

<u>Effect</u>: Lack of supporting documentation, such as an invoice and/or itemized receipt, made it impossible to determine if the expenditure was made in accordance with Section 7416(f) of Act 118. In addition, the failure to maintain adequate supporting documentation for relief association expenditures can lead to an increased risk of errors occurring and funds being misappropriated.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the relief association officials provide this department with adequate supporting documentation, such as an invoice and/or itemized receipt, to ensure the propriety of the expenditure or that the relief association be reimbursed \$625 for the undocumented expenditure. We also recommend that the relief association officials maintain supporting documentation for all future expenditures. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and, as a result of our audit, the affiliated fire company reimbursed the relief association \$625 for the undocumented expenditure on May 21, 2020.

FIREMEN'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION OF THE BOROUGH OF CRESSONA, SCHUYLKILL COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Finding No. 1 – (Continued)

<u>Auditor's Conclusion</u>: We reviewed documentation verifying that the reimbursement of \$625 was received. Compliance for maintaining appropriate documentation for expenditures made during the next audit period will be subject to verification through our next audit.

Finding No. 2 – Inadequate Signatory Authority For The Disbursement Of Funds

<u>Condition</u>: During the current audit engagement, we identified 1 check out of 21 checks drawn on the relief association's checking account that did not contain the signature of the Treasurer, even though two signatures are required by Act 118 and the relief association bylaws. Issuing checks with the signature of only one officer negates the relief association's internal control over the disbursement process. In addition, subsequent to the period in review, we identified 5 checks out of 8 checks that contained only the relief association treasurer's signature, 2 checks out of 8 checks that contained the signature of a relief association treasurer after she resigned from the position of treasurer, and 1 check out of 8 checks that contained the signature of a relief association treasurer of a relief association trustee and one officer.

Criteria: Section 7415(c)(3) of Act 118 states, in part:

The bylaws shall require that the signatures of at least two officers, one of whom shall be the disbursing officer, shall be required to bind the association by formal contract or to issue a negotiable instrument.

In addition, Article VIII, Section 1 of the relief association's bylaws state:

The signatures of two officers, one of whom shall be the treasurer, shall be required for the issuance of the relief association checks, withdrawal from the relief association savings account, redemption of any relief association investment, or any other negotiable instrument issued by this association.

Furthermore, prudent business practice dictates that the relief association has sufficient internal control procedures in place to ensure the signatures of at least two relief association officials are included on all negotiable instruments. Adequate internal control procedures require that checks be signed only after the propriety of the expenditure has been determined and the payee, date, and amount to be paid has been confirmed. Additionally, responsible relief association officers should compare this information with supporting documentation, such as invoices, contracts, etc., prior to approving the checks.

FIREMEN'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION OF THE BOROUGH OF CRESSONA, SCHUYLKILL COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Finding No. 2 – (Continued)

<u>Cause</u>: Relief association officials neglected to establish adequate internal control procedures that require the signatures of at least two officers on all negotiable instruments.

<u>Effect</u>: As a result of the relief association officer issuing checks with only one signature or with unauthorized signatures, assets were placed at greater risk as expenditures were being made without a second relief association officer having the opportunity to verify the propriety of the expenditures. The application of the second authorized signature, after evaluating the propriety of the expenditure, reduces the risk of misappropriation and the risk of errors occurring and going undetected.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the relief association officials establish adequate internal control procedures to ensure that the signatures of at least two officers authorized signatures, one of whom shall be the treasurer, are included on all relief association negotiable instruments as defined by Act 118. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

Auditor's Conclusion: Compliance will be subject to verification through our next audit.

FIREMEN'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION OF THE BOROUGH OF CRESSONA, SCHUYLKILL COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST

This report was initially distributed to the following:

The Honorable Tom W. Wolf Governor Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Firemen's Relief Association of the Borough of Cressona, Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania Governing Body:

Mr. Dennis Snyder President

Mr. Michael Kramer, Sr. Vice President

Ms. Tammy Kramer Secretary

Ms. Melissa Strauch Treasurer

Mr. Justin Smith Trustee

Mr. Eric Arndt Trustee

Mr. Frank Salamone Trustee

FIREMEN'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION OF THE BOROUGH OF CRESSONA, SCHUYLKILL COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST

The following municipalities allocated foreign fire insurance tax monies to this relief association and received a copy of this report:

Ms. Regina M. Sonon Secretary Cressona Borough

Ms. Barbara G. Miller Secretary North Manheim Township

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at <u>www.PaAuditor.gov.</u> Media questions about the report can be directed to the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General, Office of Communications, 229 Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120; via email to: news@PaAuditor.gov.