# **COMPLIANCE AUDIT**

# District Court 32-1-36

Delaware County, Pennsylvania For the Period January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2020

# August 2022



Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General

Timothy L. DeFoor • Auditor General



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TIMOTHY L. DEFOOR AUDITOR GENERAL

The Honorable C. Daniel Hassell Secretary Pennsylvania Department of Revenue Harrisburg, PA 17128

We have conducted a compliance audit of the District Court 32-1-36, Delaware County, Pennsylvania (District Court), for the period January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2020, pursuant to the requirements of Section 401(c) of *The Fiscal Code*, 72 P.S. § 401(c).

The objective of the audit was to determine whether all moneys collected on behalf of the Commonwealth have been correctly assessed, reported, and promptly remitted and to provide a report to the Department of Revenue to allow the Department of Revenue to state and settle the District Court's account. Our audit was limited to areas related to the objective identified above and was not conducted, nor was it required to be, in accordance with Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

The District Court is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal controls to provide reasonable assurance of compliance with state laws and regulations applicable to the collection of moneys on behalf of the Commonwealth, including whether they have been correctly assessed, reported, and promptly remitted. The District Court is also responsible for complying with those laws and regulations. It is our responsibility to perform procedures to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to the extent necessary to satisfy the audit objective. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our conclusions.

Based on our audit procedures, we conclude that, for the period January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2020, the District Court, in all significant respects, complied with state laws and regulations applicable to the collection of moneys on behalf of the Commonwealth, including whether they have been correctly assessed, reported, and promptly remitted, except as noted in the findings listed below and discussed later in this report:

- Inadequate Internal Controls Over Manual Receipts.
- Inadequate Arrest Warrant And DL-38 Procedures Recurring.

This report includes a summary of the District Court's receipts and disbursements of funds collected on behalf of the Commonwealth (summary). We obtained data representing the District Court's receipts and disbursements from the Pennsylvania Department of Revenue, which obtains data from each of the Commonwealth's district courts and used the data to create the summary in the format required by the Department of Revenue. We also evaluated the accuracy of the data as part of our audit to conclude on the District Court's compliance with certain state laws and regulations as described in the previous paragraph. Any adjustments that we considered necessary based on our audit work are disclosed in the *Audit Adjustments* line of the summary; however, the scope of our audit does not include the issuance of an opinion on the accuracy of the amounts reported in the summary.

The purpose of this report is to determine whether all moneys collected on behalf of the Commonwealth have been correctly assessed, reported, and promptly remitted. This report is not suitable for any other purposes.

The contents of this report were discussed with the management of the District Court and, where appropriate, their response has been included in the report. We appreciate the courtesy extended by the District Court 32-1-36, Delaware County, to us during the course of our audit. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact the Bureau of County Audits at 717-787-1363.

Timothy L. Detoor

Auditor General

June 28, 2022

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# DISTRICT COURT 32-1-36 DELAWARE COUNTY BACKGROUND FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2016 TO DECEMBER 31, 2020

The Department of Auditor General is mandated by Article IV, Section 401(c) of *The Fiscal Code* (Act of April 9, 1929, P.L.343, No. 176), to audit the accounts of each district court to determine whether all moneys collected on behalf of the Commonwealth have been correctly assessed, reported, and promptly remitted.

District Court receipts are comprised of fines, costs, fees, and surcharges collected on behalf of the Commonwealth. These fines, costs, fees, and surcharges represent collections made on traffic, non-traffic, civil, and criminal cases filed with the District Court.

Total disbursements during the audit period are comprised as follows:

District Court checks issued to:

Department of Revenue

\$ 1,371,487

This balance reflects the summary of monthly transmittal reports as settled by the Department of Revenue.

David R. Griffin served at District Court 32-1-36 for the period January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2020.

The summary of receipts and disbursements on the following page provides a summary of receipts and disbursements by category. The categories and the amounts of fines, costs, fees, and surcharges assessed are based on Pennsylvania laws and regulations.

The summary was prepared in accordance with reporting requirements prescribed by the Pennsylvania Department of Revenue. Under this method, only the Commonwealth portion of cash receipts and disbursements are presented, revenues are recognized when received, and expenditures are recognized when paid.

# DISTRICT COURT 32-1-36 DELAWARE COUNTY SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2016 TO DECEMBER 31, 2020

## Receipts:

Department of Transportation	
Title 75 Fines	\$ 130,333
Motor Carrier Road Tax Fines	183,081
Overweight Fines	185
Commercial Driver Fines	1,500
Littering Law Fines	75
Child Restraint Fines	889
Department of Revenue Court Costs	235,008
Crime Victims' Compensation Bureau Costs	16,017
Crime Commission Costs/Victim Witness Services Costs	11,675
Domestic Violence Costs	4,095
Emergency Medical Service Fines	57,763
CAT/MCARE Fund Surcharges	192,896
Judicial Computer System Fees	84,145
Access to Justice Fees	40,496
Criminal Justice Enhancement Account Fees	9,862
Judicial Computer Project Surcharges	120,041
Constable Service Surcharges	31,223
Miscellaneous State Fines and Costs	 252,203
Total receipts	1,371,487
Disbursements to Commonwealth	 (1,371,487)
Balance due Commonwealth (District Court) per settled reports	-
Audit adjustments	 -
Adjusted balance due Commonwealth (District Court) for the period January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2020	\$ 

## Finding No. 1 - Inadequate Internal Controls Over Manual Receipts

The Administrative Office of Pennsylvania Courts' (AOPC) policies require computer downtime manual receipts to be issued in the event of a temporary power loss to the district court's computer system. When the computer system is operating again, the computer downtime manual receipt is replaced by an official computer-generated receipt and included in the daily receipts. When the AOPC's policies are not followed, the possibility that funds received by the District Court could be lost or misappropriated increases significantly.

Our audit disclosed that required computer downtime manual receipt procedures were not always followed. Of 60 receipts tested, we found that there were 20 computer downtime manual receipts that were printed could not be located and were not available for examination.

The Magisterial District Judge Automated Office Clerical Procedures Manual (Manual) establishes the uniform written internal control policies and procedures for all district courts. The Manual requires that downtime manual receipts be issued in the event of a temporary power loss to the computer system. When the computer system is not operational, the receipt and log sheet should be filled out for each receipt number and the initials of the employee receiving the payment should be documented on the log sheet. The receipts should be used in numerical order; the log sheet should be filled out using the appropriate receipt number; a copy of that receipt should be given to the remitter; and the second copy of the receipt should be kept, along with the associated log, in a secure location. When the computer system is running again, the second copy of the receipt should be attached to the new system-generated receipt and placed in the case file and the date the payment was entered into the system should be documented on the log sheet. Additionally, the Manual requires that when a manual receipt number is issued, the manual receipt number should be entered in the manual receipt number field when creating the computer receipt. This will link the manual receipt to the computer receipt.

Good internal accounting controls ensure that computer downtime manual receipts are accounted for and maintained.

Adherence to good internal accounting controls and the uniform internal control policies and procedures, as set forth in the Manual, would have ensured that there were adequate internal controls over collections.

This condition existed because the current office manager, who started in 2021, was not able to locate them.

# Finding No. 1 - Inadequate Internal Controls Over Manual Receipts (Continued)

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the district court establish and implement an adequate system of internal controls over computer downtime manual receipts as noted above.

## Management's Response

The Magisterial District Judge responded as follows:

The court coordinator has been instructed to review all manual receipts and appropriate logs daily. Our MDJ Auditing staff will continue to monitor all MDJ Courts manual receipts and ensure they are following procedures. Our Regional Assistant Administrators will routinely monitor all the courts progress and assist in correcting any issues or problems.

Please note that ten months of the audit period includes the beginning of the COVID-19 pandemic. During several months of this same time, over half of our county-wide Magisterial District Court staff was furloughed. As such, we did have backlogs in partially every aspect of court functions and the court staff has worked hard to resolve these issues. We also endeavor to preempt such deficiencies in the future by routinely monitoring reports and addressing any areas of concern.

#### **Auditors Conclusion**

We appreciate the district court's effort to correct this issue. Please note that these receipts were printed prior to the start of the pandemic. During our next audit, we will determine if the district court complied with our recommendation.

# Finding No. 2 - Inadequate Arrest Warrant And DL-38 Procedures - Recurring

We cited the issue of inadequate arrest warrant and DL-38 procedures in our last five audits, with the most recent being for the period January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2015. Our current audit found that the district court did not correct this issue.

Warrants and Requests For Suspension Of Operating Privileges (DL-38s) are used to enforce the collection of monies on traffic and non-traffic cases in which defendants failed to make payments when required. A Warrant of Arrest (AOPC 417) is used to authorize an official to arrest a defendant, to collect fines and costs from the defendant after a disposition, or to collect collateral for a trial. If the defendant does not respond within ten days to a citation or summons, a Warrant of Arrest may be issued. A Request for Suspension of Driving Privileges for Failure to Respond to a Citation or Summons or Pay Fines and Costs Imposed (AOPC 638A) is used to notify the defendant in writing that his/her license will be suspended if he/she fails to respond to the traffic citation or summons. A DL-38 cannot be issued for a parking violation.

During our testing of warrant procedures, we noted that warrant procedures established by the *Magisterial District Judge Automated Office Clerical Procedures Manual* (Manual) were not always followed. The Magisterial District Judge did not consistently issue warrants when required. We tested 52 instances in which a warrant was required to be issued. Our testing disclosed that nine were not issued timely and ten were not issued at all. The time of issuance ranged from 74 days to 679 days.

In addition, of 42 warrants required to be returned or recalled, three were not returned or recalled, and 11 were not returned timely. The time of issuance to the time of return ranged from 181 days to 723 days.

Furthermore, we tested 20 instances in which a DL-38 was required to be issued. Our testing disclosed that 16 were not issued timely. The time of issuance ranged from 61 days to 569 days.

The Manual establishes the uniform written internal control policies and procedures for all district courts.

Warrant Issuance Procedures: The Manual states that on October 1, 1998, new warrant procedures took effect for summary cases. Amendments were made to Pa.R.Crim.P. 430, 431, 454, 455, 456, 460, 461, and 462. To comply with the new changes, the Notice of Impending Warrant (AOPC A418) was created with the purpose of informing the defendant that failure to pay the amount due or to appear for a Payment Determination Hearing will result in the issuance of an arrest warrant. The defendant is also informed that his/her response must be made within ten days of the date of the notice.

## Finding No. 2 - Inadequate Arrest Warrant And DL-38 Procedures - Recurring (Continued)

According to Pa.R.Crim.P. 430, a Notice of Impending Warrant may be issued in a post-disposition summary case for any of the following reasons:

- A guilty disposition is recorded and no payment is made or a time payment schedule is not created.
- A guilty disposition is recorded and a previously deposited collateral payment, when applied, does not pay the case balance in full.
- A guilty disposition is recorded and the defendant defaults on a time payment schedule.

According to Pa.R.Crim.P. 430, a warrant SHALL be issued in a summary case for any of the following reasons (a Notice of Impending Warrant is not necessary for the following):

- The defendant has failed to respond to a citation or summons that was served either personally or by certified mail, return receipt requested.
- The citation or summons is returned undeliverable.
- The Magisterial District Judge has reasonable grounds to believe that the defendant will not obey a summons.

Warrant Return Procedures: The Manual states that the Administrative Office of Pennsylvania Courts (AOPC) recommends that those in possession of arrest warrants should be notified to return warrants that have not been served. For summary traffic and non-traffic cases, outstanding warrants should be returned to the Magisterial District Judge's office within 120 days of issuance. Returned warrants can either be recorded in the Magisterial District Judge System (MDJS) as unserved, if the defendant is unable to be located; or they can be recalled for reissue, if the server has not exhausted all means of finding the defendant.

**DL-38 Procedures:** The Manual states that once a citation is given to the defendant or a summons is issued, the defendant has ten days to respond. If on the eleventh day, the defendant has not responded, 75 Pa.C.S. §1533 requires that the defendant be notified that he/she has 15 days from the date of notice to respond to the citation/summons before his/her license is suspended. In accordance with Section 1533 of the Pennsylvania Vehicle Code, the defendant has 15 days to respond to the defendant's copy of the DL-38. If the defendant does not respond by the fifteenth day, the Magisterial District Judge's office shall notify the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation by issuing the appropriate License Suspension Request (AOPC 638B,D,E).

## Finding No. 2 - Inadequate Arrest Warrant And DL-38 Procedures - Recurring (Continued)

In addition, 75 Pa.C.S. §1533 also requires a post-disposition DL-38 (AOPC 638B/E) be issued if the defendant neglects to pay fines and costs imposed at the time of disposition or fails to make a scheduled time payment.

The failure to follow warrant and DL-38 procedures could result in uncollected fines and unpunished offenders. Additionally, the risk is increased for funds to be lost or misappropriated.

These conditions existed because the district court was short staffed and failed to review the tickler reports for warrants and DL-38s daily as recommended in the prior five audits. Adherence to the uniform internal control policies and procedures, as set forth in the Manual, would have ensured that there were adequate internal controls over warrants and DL-38s.

#### Recommendations

We strongly recommend that the district court review the tickler reports for warrants and DL-38s daily and take appropriate action as required by the Manual. We further recommend that the court review warrant control reports and notify police or other officials to return warrants that are unserved for 120 days for summary traffic and non-traffic cases as recommended by the Manual.

#### Management's Response

The Magisterial District Judge responded as follows:

The court coordinator has been asked to ensure that all DL-38s and warrants are processed in a timely manner, while addressing any back logs that exits. Our Regional Assistant Administrators will routinely monitor all the courts progress and assist in correcting any issues or problems

Please note that ten months of the audit period includes the beginning of the COVID-19 pandemic. During several months of this same time, over half of our county-wide Magisterial District Court staff was furloughed. As such, we did have backlogs in partially every aspect of court functions and the court staff has worked hard to resolve these issues. We also endeavor to preempt such deficiencies in the future by routinely monitoring reports and addressing any areas of concern.

# Finding No. 2 - Inadequate Arrest Warrant And DL-38 Procedures - Recurring (Continued)

#### **Auditors Conclusion**

This is a recurring finding. These issues have been ongoing for years before the start of the pandemic. It is imperative that the district court take all steps necessary to comply with our recommendations. The risk of uncollected fines and unpunished offenders continues to exist as long as these deficiencies continue. During our next audit, we will determine if the district court complied with our recommendations.

# DISTRICT COURT 32-1-36 DELAWARE COUNTY SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2016 TO DECEMBER 31, 2020

# Summary Of Prior Audit Recommendations

During our prior audit, we recommended that the district court:

• Review the tickler reports for warrants and DL-38s daily and take appropriate action as required by the Manual. We further recommend that the court review warrant control reports and notify police or other officials to return warrants that are unserved for 60 days for summary traffic and non-traffic cases (120 days as of December 2016) as recommended by the Manual.

During our current audit, we noted that the district court did not comply with our recommendations. Please see the current year Finding No. 2 for additional information.

# DISTRICT COURT 32-1-36 DELAWARE COUNTY REPORT DISTRIBUTION FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2016 TO DECEMBER 31, 2020

This report was initially distributed to:

#### The Honorable C. Daniel Hassell

Secretary Pennsylvania Department of Revenue

## The Honorable H. Geoffrey Moulton, Jr.

Court Administrator of Pennsylvania Supreme Court of Pennsylvania Administrative Office of Pennsylvania Courts

# The Honorable David R. Griffin

Magisterial District Judge

#### The Honorable Monica Taylor

Chairperson of the Board of Commissioners

#### The Honorable Joanne Phillips, Esq.

Controller

#### Mr. Gerald C. Montella, Esq.

District Court Administrator

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at <a href="www.PaAuditor.gov">www.PaAuditor.gov</a>. Media questions about the report can be directed to the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General, Office of Communications, 229 Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120; via email to: <a href="mailto:news@PaAuditor.gov">news@PaAuditor.gov</a>.